



City of Alliance

Annual Water Quality Report
For January 1 to December 31, 2023

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the City of Alliance water system to provide safe drinking water.

Para Clientes Que Hablan Español: Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

For more information regarding this report, or to request a hard copy, contact:

ROSS O GRANT
308-762-1907

If you would like to observe the decision-making processes that affect drinking water quality, please attend the regularly scheduled meeting of the Village Board/City Council. If you would like to participate in the process, please contact the Village/City Clerk to arrange to be placed on the agenda of the meeting of the Village Board/City Council.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Source Water Assessment Availability:

The Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) has completed the Source Water Assessment. Included in the assessment are a Wellhead Protection Area map, potential contaminant source inventory, and source water protection information. To view the Source Water Assessment or for more information please contact the person named above on this report or the NDEE at 402-471-3376 or go to <http://dee.ne.gov>.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Sources of Drinking Water:

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and groundwater wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

The source of water used by City of Alliance is ground water.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- * Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- * Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- * Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- * Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- * Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Drinking Water Health Notes:

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. All Community water systems are responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have you water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791), at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead> or at the NDEE Drinking Water Division (402-471-1009).

The City of Alliance is required to test for the following contaminants: Coliform Bacteria, Antimony, Arsenic, Asbestos, Barium, Beryllium, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Cyanide, Fluoride, Lead, Mercury, Nickel, Nitrate, Nitrite, Selenium, Sodium, Thallium, Alachlor, Atrazine, Benzol(a)pyrene, Carbofuran, Chlordane, Dalapon, Di(2-ethylhexyl)adipate, Dibromochloropropane, Dinoseb, Di(2-ethylhexyl)- phthalate, Diquat, 2,4-D, Endothall, Endrin, Ethylene dibromide, Glyphosate, Heptachlor, Heptachlor epoxide, Hexachlorobenzene, Hexachlorocyclopentadiene, Lindane, Methoxychlor, Oxamyl (Vydate), Pentachlorophenol, Picloram, Polychlorinated biphenyls, Simazine, Toxaphene, Dioxin, Silvex, Benzene, Carbon Tetrachloride, o-Dichloro- benzene, Para-Dichlorobenzene, 1,2-Dichlorethane, 1,1-Dichloroethylene, Cis-1,2 -Dichloroethylene, Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, Dichloromethane, 1,2-Dichloropropane, Ethylbenzene, Monochlorobenzene, 1,2,4-Trichloro- benzene, 1,1,1-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, Trichloroethylene, Vinyl Chloride, Styrene,

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TEST RESULTS

Date Printed: 3/18/2024

NE3101302

Microbiological COLIFORM (TCR)	Highest Number of Positive Samples In the month of August, 1 sample(s) were positive			MCL		Treatment Technique Trigger	MCLG	Likely Source of Contamination	Violations Present
Lead and Copper	Monitoring Period	90 th Percentile	Range	Unit	AL	Sites Over AL	Likely Source of Contamination		
COPPER, FREE	2020 - 2022	0.15	0.00784 - 0.164	ppm	1.3	0	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing.		
LEAD	2020 - 2022	2.9	0 - 6.66	ppb	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing.		
Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Likely Source of Contamination		
ARSENIC	9/5/2023	5.4	3.54 - 5.4	ppb	10	0	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.		
BARIUM	10/4/2021	0.0366	0.0134 - 0.0366	ppm	2	2	Discharge from drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.		
CHROMIUM	10/4/2021	1.15	0 - 1.15	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits.		
FLUORIDE	10/4/2021	0.87	0.508 - 0.87	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; Fertilizer discharge.		
NITRATE-NITRITE	8/7/2023	5.11	2.11 - 5.11	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits		
SELENIUM	10/4/2021	5.23	3.95 - 5.23	ppb	50	50	Erosion of natural deposits		
URANIUM MASS	5/15/2023	25.1	13.1 - 25.1	ug/L	30	0	Erosion of natural deposits		
Disinfection Byproducts	Monitoring Period	Highest RAA	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Likely Source of Contamination		
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAA5)	7/1/2022 - 6/30/2023	5.15	2.25 - 8.05	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection.		
TTHM	1/1/2023 - 12/31/2023	32.95	29.2 - 36.7	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection.		
Radiological Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Likely Source of Contamination		
COMBINED URANIUM	7/6/2023	18.9	18.9	pCi/l		0	Erosion of natural deposits		
GROSS ALPHA, INCL. RADON & U	7/6/2023	18.3	7.87 - 18.3	pCi/L	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits		
Unregulated Water Quality Data	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	Secondary MCL				
SULFATE	4/4/2022	105			105		mg/L	250	
During the 2023 calendar year, we had the below noted violation(s) of drinking water regulations.									
Violation Type	Category	Analyte	Compliance Period						
No Violations Occurred in the Calendar Year of 2023									
The City of Alliance has taken the following actions to return to compliance with the Nebraska Safe Drinking Water Act: This report will not be mailed. A copy of this report may be obtained at 1313 W. 1 st street or viewed on the City's website at cityofalliance.net									

Additional Required Health Effects Language:

While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

Certain minerals are radioactive and may emit a form of radiation known as alpha radiation. Some people who drink water containing alpha emitters in excess of the MCL over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

There are no additional required health effects violation notices.

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